



Make the SDGs a roadmap for impact!

Better measure results with beneficiaries to improve the impact of mission-driven organizations, in connection with the SDGs.

July 2020 - June 2023

Co-financed by AFD's CSO Initiatives Mechanism



18-month review (July 2020 - December 2021)

Program of activities in 2022

What is « LabODD » (SDG Lab)?

- A CERISE-led working group to implement and monitor the project "Make the SDGs a roadmap for impact!"
- Members are French and international NGOs, social investors and their partners on the ground: microfinance institutions and social enterprises.
- Mainly in **Africa** and **South Asia**
- Focus themes: Inclusive Finance, Energy Access, Agriculture
- Transversal dimension: Gender approach
- Duration: 3 years (2020-2023)
- Budget: **756 000 Euros** co-financed by AFD and external cofinancing (e-MFP, Incofin, BlueOrchard, NMI, etc.)



Active organizations in working groups





































Where do we want to go with this project?



Strengthen outcomes measurement with the beneficiaries, in connection with the SDGs, to make good decisions, have a better impact!

- Understand the SDG framework, integrate it into strategies and operations
- Collect reliable data from beneficiaries, analyze and use the data in decision-making
- Make more transparent and concrete the reporting of impact organizations on their contribution to the SDGs
- Suggest standard outcomes indicators in relation to the SDGs, specific SDGs dashboards, benchmarks, report formats

Collective creation

Open access resources

Field applications

Main achievements



2020

- October 1-2: Launching LabODD, virtual meeting, 30 participants
- October to November: State of outcomes measurement practices and use of the SDG framework. Results published in March 2021.
- November 5: Introduction to MetODD-SDG, 21 participants
- November 18 & 24: 2nd LabODD meeting during EMW, with the e-MFP Investors Action Group, 33 participants

2021

- March 18: 3rd LabODD meeting, 30 participants
- March 25: Launching Energy Group, 14 participants
- May to July: 4 Energy Group workshops, around 15 participants
- June 15: publication of Key Resources related to the SDGs
- June 24: expert meeting / Agri scoring tool (IISD + investors)
- September 21: : 4th LabODD meeting, 18 participants
- October 7: Co-development workshop with ADA and Enda Tamweel to measure the impact of a solar irrigation project in Tunisia
- October 18-22: participation in SAM 2021 in Rwanda, training workshop on outcomes management
- November 3: publication of a **Guidance Note** with e-MFP and SPTF (Draft Working Paper)
- November 17: 5th LabODD meeting with eMFP Investors AG (EMW 2021), 35 participants

Two approaches



By theme

- Inclusive Finance: support the collection of new client data (building questionnaires) and the analysis of existing client data (dashboards). Key SDGs for the sector: 8, 1, 5.
- Energy Access: a dedicated working group to strengthen knowledge on outcomes measurement, harmonize indicators and methodologies, guarantee good data quality. Focus on the productive use of energy. Key SDGs: 7, 1, 3 and 8.
- **Agriculture**: measure responsible investment in agriculture by building a "RAI Agri Scoring Tool", with <u>IISD</u>. Key SDGs: 2, 1, 8.
- **Gender**: with <u>EdM</u>, <u>CARE</u> and <u>SIDI</u>, exchange workshops in 2022; sharing the work of the Grameen Foundation: RICHES.

By methodology

Logical framework and definition of indicators:

- OIF: logical framework and data collection protocol for two projects, methodological note to come in 2022.
- Benoo: experience sharing to make better use of existing data in the energy access sector.
- <u>Invest In Visions</u>: SDG-related reporting framework for a microfinance fund and a fund targeted at SMEs.
- <u>BioBag</u>: support on MetODD-SDG to measure the contribution to SDGs 12, 8 and 9 (work with students at DEFIS 2020).

Questionnaires and data collection tools:

- Identification of practical tools for collecting data from beneficiaries (<u>KoBoToolbox</u>, <u>TolaData</u>).
- Discussions with <u>60 Decibels</u> on the Lean Data approach and their Financial Inclusion Index under development.
- Co-development workshop with <u>ADA</u> and <u>Enda Tamweel</u> to improve their satisfaction questionnaire regarding a solar irrigation project.

2022 Program Activities



- Continue to identify resources related to the SDGs.
- Inclusive Finance, Energy Access and Agriculture:
 - ✓ Around 12 support projects for the collection and analysis of existing and new key data (satisfaction, perception of changes, etc.) and the definition of standard indicators per SDG Target;
 - ✓ 3 examples of simple and relevant questionnaires for outcomes data by type of impact organization;
 - ✓ A summary grid of the strengths and limitations of practical data collection tools;
 - ✓ 3 capitalization notes: enhancing existing data, construction of a logical framework and selection of monitoring indicators, survey method to collect and use data at beneficiary level.
- **Inclusive Finance**: an online data entry tool for the identified indicators to digitize the reporting aligned with the SDGs (from MetODD-SDG, create a reporting table of outcomes related to the SDGs, 2023).
- **Genre**: contact CERISE key partners, assess their needs and suggest lines of work within the LabODD / a Gender Group. Question the approaches and practices for measuring outcomes through a Gender vision.
- Virtual trainings and LabODD meetings.

2022 Calendar | Calendrier 2022



		•									
January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Janvier	Février	Mars	Avril	Mai	Juin	Juillet	Août	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	LabODD #6	GENDER Group Groupe GENRE	Gender Group Ateliers d'échange	# o Workshops	ODD 27				ODD 88		
Measuring res	nonsible investr	nent in agricultur	·								
Mesure de l'inv	restissement resp	onsable dans l'agr	riculture								
First report of to microf Premier accompag microfir	finance bilan gnement nance										
Support to other microfinance institutions Accompagnement autres institutions de microfinance											

Introduction to











Vers des indicateurs de résultats standards pour les IMF?







Suite à la réunion de lancement du Groupe Energie, nous vous proposons 4 ateliers d'échanges et de réflexion entre mai et juillet, pour favoriser le partage d'expériences et travailler à la définition d'un cadre commun de mesure de

- #1 Théorie du changement et cadre des ODD mardi 11 mai
 #2 Resoins et attentes des différentes parties prenantes jeudi 27 mai
 #3 Données existantes et leur utilisation jeudi 17 juin
- 84 L'approche "lean data" jeudi 1er juillet

Horaires: 14h30 - 16h00 CEST

Animation bilingue français-anglais

Résumé des réalisations 2020-2021 Main Achievements



60_decibels











Summary

- State of outcomes measurement practices
- Review of Key Resources related to the SDGs
- Summary of activities in Inclusive Finance
- The CERISE / e-MFP / SPTF Guidance Note
- Summary of activities initiated in Agriculture
- Summary of activities for Energy Access





State of outcomes measurement practices

Investigate the level of understanding, interest and ownership of outcome measurement and the SDG framework.

- Survey targets: members and partners involved in the project
- Format: quantitative and qualitative online survey (Google Form)
 - How is outcomes measurement and the SDG framework understood, used in strategic plans, operations, decision-making and annual reports?
 - What is the nature and quality of the data collected?
 - The constraints and limits of data collection?

State of practices – Sources and driving messages



palpable demand for more robust, meaningful evidence of social change

Some driving messages:

- Blog Rockefeller: priority on improved evidence
- GIIN Understanding Impact Performance
- Cgap, donors to leverage the potential of data

growing commitment to transparency around impact results and a heightened appetite for impact performance analyses

availability and quality of data doesn't automatically translate to impact

Feedback from CERISE's partners:

- 15 indepth surveys from investors, FSP, TA providers
- Exchanges during first LabODD meetings and European Microfinance Week, November

A need for improved evidences



Needs For	IMPROVE	PROVE	PAY ATTENTION
FSP / SB	 What works or not Constant feedback => Continuous improvement Capacity to adapt (time of crisis) 	 Objectives achieved? External com' Information for lenders/ investors 	Strong relationship with clients
Investor	 Integrate non-financial focus in selection Better data collection at sector level 	 Verify impact thesis Accountability to own investors Verify target clients 	 Knowledge for the sector Put the clients at the center

Constraints in data collection

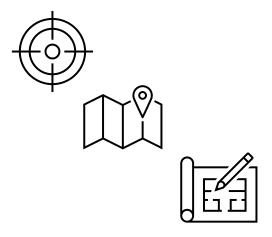


Limits on For	PROCESS	DATA	CLIENT PERSPECTIVE
FSP / SB	Cost, time, complexity,Leadership	 Reliability Expertise/ capacity for analysis / tools Staff turn over 	Reporting burden, ConfidentialityLegal constraints
Investors	Costs, timeHarmonization	Too much data?Involvement vs. independence	 Indirect collection End customer only one stakeholder in the value-chain
Both		 Alignment of expectations 	



Conclusion: needs and strategy

- Plenty of resources / experiences: how to navigate and guide users for better use of data?
- Align on the data, SDG as a common language, towards basic standards indicators of outcome
- Simplified, efficient data collection: how to make better use of existing data, ensure the quality and concentration of the data collected
- Covid and crisis as a change-maker for customer data collection: take advantage of the momentum!









Key Resources related to the SDGs

Concrete & operational tools and resources for investors and social entrepreneurs to measure their contribution to the SDGs.

- Targets: social investors and businesses
- Format: a living PDF document available on CERISE website
 - ✓ The existing principles & standards
 - ✓ Data collection and reporting tools
 - ✓ Case studies and examples of good practices
 - ✓ Literature review to go further





Inclusive Finance

Support in the collection and analysis of new and existing client data for use in decision-making.

- Targets: social investors, microfinance institutions, networks
- Deliverable: a Guidance Note by CERISE, e-MFP and SPTF
 - Recent trends influencing outcomes management
 - Challenges and first steps towards usable outcomes data, and aligned expectations
 - Towards standards outcomes indicators for MFIs.



Activities Summary

⇒ Depending on the social strategy and logical framework of each partner, what are the SDGs to which the organization contributes? Which targets within these SDGs? Which outcomes indicators?

Client data collection:

- Satya India (with Ankuram, support BlueOrchard) end in October 2020
- Crystal Georgia(support Incofin) end in July 2021
- Satin India (with Kadence and Ankuram, support NMI) end in October2021
- Pamecas Senegal and Juhudi Kilimo Kenya (with Incofin and local consultants from SPM Professionals Network) – launching in November 2021

Analyzing existing client data:

- Banco Popular Honduras, FIDRA Côte d'Ivoire, Assilassimé Togo, Fundación Dominicana de Desarrollo (with SPTF) – end in Q1 2021
- Save India end in December 2021
- R20 Myanmar (with MCRIL and support Incofin) work in progress, end mid-2022

Discussions with e-MFP on savings-related indicators.



Note d'orientation (Brief)

"Outcomes management for Financial Service Providers: A proposed standard framework aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals"

Draft Working Paper, Version Nov 03, 2021.

Prepared by CERISE in collaboration with SPTF Outcomes Working Group and e-MFP Investors Action Group







Recent trends influencing outcomes management

- 1. There are growing demands for accountability
- 2. Getting data has gotten easier and cheaper
- 3. We've adjusted our expectations of what financial inclusion can achieve
- 4. The SDGs have emerged as a common framework
- 5. Investor interest in outcomes is growing ...
- 6. ... But outcomes are not yet a priority for most FSPs







SPTF Research: Key Feedback on Outcomes Data



- In general, FSPs do not see **impact** data as valuable for their own needs
- The outcomes that are relevant for FSPs to focus on are nearer-term outcomes, because these are actionable.
- Though experts agree that FSPs should know whether products are meeting clients' needs, there is not consensus on what specific indicators to use to collect data
- It is essential to get qualitative customer feedback on a regular basis
- Satisfaction survey data cannot serve as a proxy for outcomes data
- FSPs need to collect outcomes data in order to improve the products and services. Outcomes data are useful when they help the FSP **make decisions**.



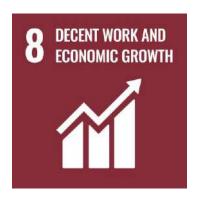
Towards standards outcomes indicators for FSP?







Focus on the Targets of SDGs 8, 1 & 5



➤ 8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation (...) through access to financial services



- ➤ 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
- ➤ 1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have (...) access to (...) appropriate financial services, including microfinance



- ➤ 5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
- ➤ 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls
- ➤ 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in (...) economic (...) life







Outcomes indicators and SDG 8



SDG Target	Indicator					
8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation ()	Increased employment in financed business (legal working-age/adult family members, wage workers) (integrate notions of "decent work" and "formal jobs"), on average, for all productive loans					
through access to financial services	Changes in business revenue: 1) annual sales; 2) annual net income					
	Number of new businesses created					
entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation	Changes in business practices, towards business professionalism (with list of positive changes towards new products, changes in business decisions, new processes)					
encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises	Number of SMEs formalized (tracking changes)					
	Changes in business assets (% invested in tools/equipment/productive assets; changes in total business assets)					
	Perception of change by the entrepreneurs					
Target 8.3 globally	Business attitude:					
Target 3.3 globally	Confident in ability to be successful					
	Satisfaction with business earnings					
	Feel optimistic about the future					

Outcomes indicators and SDG 1



SDG Target	Indicator
	Acquisition of household assets (bed, stove, refrigerator, TV, bicycle, etc.)
1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half	Improved basic needs (toilet, drinking water, clean cooking, school for children)
the proportion of men, women and	Financial tools/ changes in liquid assets (livestock, jewelry, etc.)
children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to	Change in number and quality of meals
national definitions	Income (number of sources, change, stability)
	Or, as a proxy, average monthly household expenditure
1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and	Financial tools: change in savings balance
the vulnerable, have () access to () appropriate financial services,	% clients that can better manage their budget/ expenses/finances
including microfinance	Ability to face major expense
	Perception of change in quality of life (and reasons)
	After years 3 and 5: % of households above the selected poverty line, who were below the line at entry

Outcomes indicators and SDG 5



SDG Target	Indicator
	Capacity to use the loan for her own economic activity
5.1 End all forms of discrimination	Capacity to contribute financially to the household needs
against all women and girls everywhere	Capacity to make decisions regarding the use of the household resources
5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in () economic () life	% of women who report that they are more comfortable voicing their opinions (at workplace, in household, in community, depending scale of intervention of the organization)
	% of women who report a perception of decreased discrimination/ easier access to work
5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls.	Domestic violence: % of women who report that the use of financial product created unintended harm/ has resulted in a list of negative coping mechanisms (child labor, genderbased violence, etc.)

PRINCIPLES FOR RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT IN AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SYSTEMS





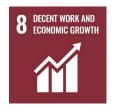
Agriculture

Measure responsible investment in agriculture by assessing the practices and outcomes of agribusiness companies and producer organizations.

Build a "RAI Agri Scoring Tool" aligned with the SDGs and consistent with the principles of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).









RAI Agri Scoring Tool

- May 2021: discussions on how to measure responsible investment in agriculture, including outcomes measurement, to support IISD (International Institute for Sustainable Development).
- Need for a rating tool to assess the practices and results of agribusiness companies and producer organizations, in line with the principles of Responsible Investment in Agriculture (<u>RAI</u> <u>principles</u>) defined by the <u>FAO</u>.
- Building a "RAI Agri Scoring Tool" including practice indicators in line with international standards, and outcomes inOdicators aligned with SDGs 2, 1 and 8.
- In collaboration with investors and the CSAF (Council for Smallholder Agriculture Finance).
- The first version of the RAI Agri Scoring Tool (Excel format) by CERISE will be tested with various partners supporting responsible investment in agriculture (late 2021 and early 2022).
- Review scheduled for 2022 and finalization of the tool in 2023.











Energy Access

A special working group: LabODD Energy Group

To **explore the issues and practices** of outcome measurement, in link with the SDGs, for impact organizations involved in the energy access sector (social businesses and impact investors)

- ✓ Question current approaches and practices
- ✓ Appropriate the SDG framework
- ✓ Experiment in the field
- ✓ Share experiences
- ✓ Capitalize





Achievements / Réalisations

PHASE 1 – DISCUSSIONS & BRAINSTORMING

- 1. Theories of change and SDG framework
- 1. Théorie du changement et cadre des ODD (11/05)

- 3. Existing data and how to use them
- 3. Les données existantes et leur utilisation (17/06)

- 2. Needs and expectations of different stakeholders
- 2. Les besoins et attentes des différentes parties prenantes (27/05)
 - 4. The « lean data » approach
 - 4. L'approche « lean data » (01/07)









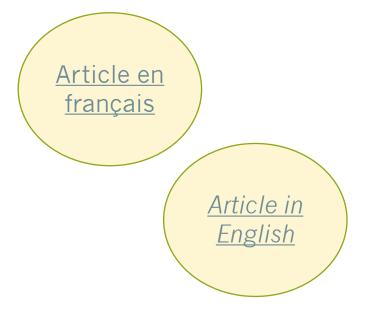






Lessons Learned / Leçons apprises

BLOG ARTICLE





Les leçons apprises des premiers ateliers

Accès à l'énergie : un cadre commun de mesure des résultats est-il possible ?

Au sein du LabODD de CERISE, le Groupe Energie s'est constitué autour de l'envie de partager les expériences entre pairs, et de définir un cadre commun de mesure, analyse et reporting des résultats. Au cours des premières réunions, une question a toutefois rapidement émergé : est-il vraiment possible de s'aligner sur un cadre commun de mesure des résultats dans un secteur aussi diversifié que celui de l'accès à l'énergie ?

Entre mai et juillet 2021, le Groupe Energie a mené **quatre ateliers** autour de cette **q**uestion. Cet article en présente les **principales conclusions**.



Work in progress / En cours

PHASE 2 – EXPERIMENTATION

- Guide and support energy access social businesses in outcome data collection, analysis and use
- Share experiences on data collection, analysis and use through regular workshops

CO-DEVELOPMENT WORKSHOPS

 A member shares his current issue in terms of outcome measurement, the others help him

- Guider et accompagner différentes entreprises sociales d'accès à l'énergie dans la collecte, l'analyse et l'utilisation de données de résultats
- Partager les expériences en matière de collecte, analyse et utilisation des données de résultats à travers des ateliers réguliers

ATELIER DE CO-DEVELOPPEMENT

• Un membre soumet sa problématique actuelle en matière de mesure des résultats, les autres l'appuient



1st Co-dev Workshop / 1^{er} Atelier de codéveloppement

October 7th, 2021/ Jeudi 7 octobre 2021

SOLAR IRRIGATION

- Results measurement of the Eco-shams project led by Enda Tamweel & ADA
- Next step: follow client surveys results

IRRIGATION SOLAIRE

- Mesure des résultats du projet Eco-shams mené par Enda Tamweel & ADA
- Prochaine étape : suivre les résultats des enquêtes clients











We continue in 2022!

